COVID-19 AND AIR QUALITY IN NEW YORK STATE

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INTRODUCTION

- New York reported their first case of COVID-19 on March 1, 2020
 - By the end of the month, NY would be reporting over 80,000 cases, making it the new epicenter of the pandemic and overwhelming hospitals
 - A statewide Stay-at-Home order was enacted March 20, 2020 and lasting until June 8, 2020
- Research Questions
 - How did air composition change in New York as a result of COVID-19 Lockdown?
 - Which factors influence the significance of change?
 - Is there a relationship between long-term pollutant exposure and COVID outcomes?

DATA COLLECTION

Phase One

RETRIEVING DATA MAPS

 Giovanni – web app used to create visualizations for different measurements



Phase Two

EXTRACTING DATA

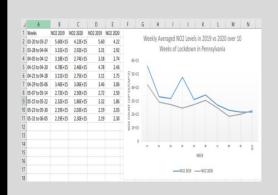
 Panoply – software used to extract column counts from Giovanni downloads



Phase Three

COMPILING AND ANALYZING DATA

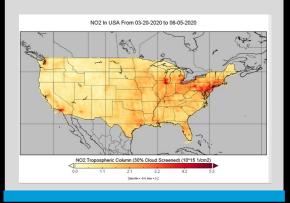
 Excel - creating graphs and charts



Phase Four

REFINING VISUALIZATIONS

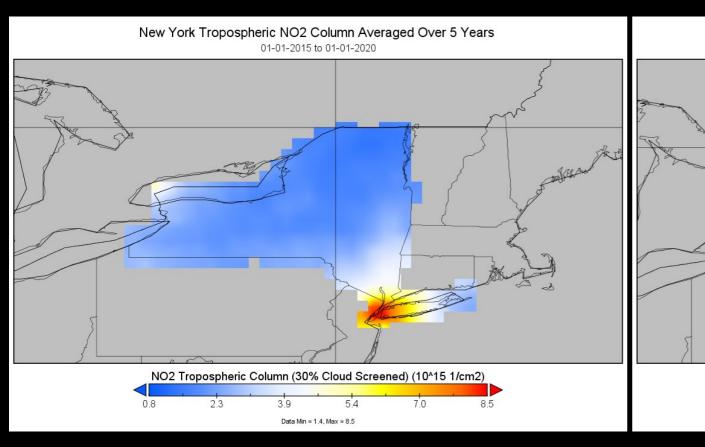
- Panoply
- Google Earth Pro

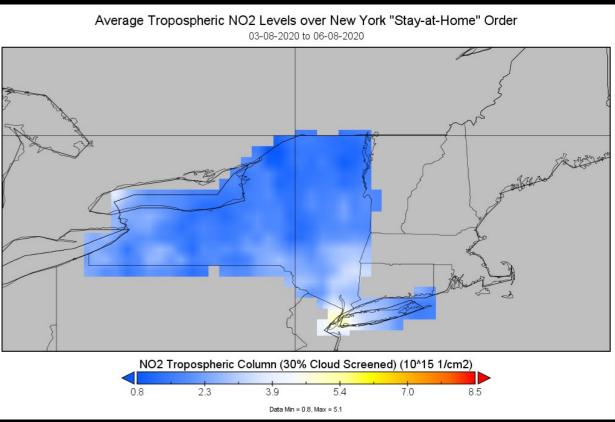


VARIABLES + LIMITATIONS

- Nitrogen Dioxide (NO2) irritating pollutant mainly released via combustion of fossil fuels
 - OMNO2d dataset used to obtain tropospheric NO2 counts
 - Prolonged exposure to high concentrations of NO2 can increase susceptibility to respiratory infections (EPA)
- Coordinates vary by county
- Satellite data is best for *estimating* tropospheric pollution
 - Ground readings more accurate

STATEWIDE NO2 TRENDS IN NEW YORK

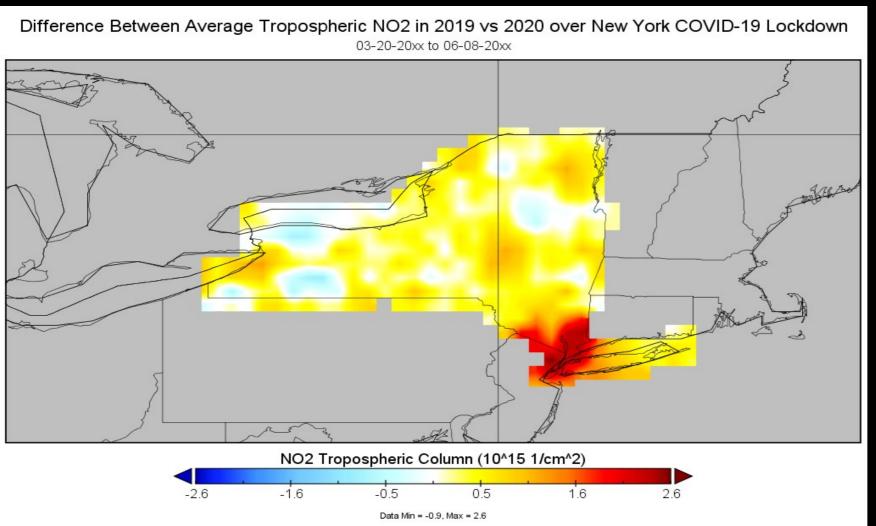




STATEWIDE NO2 TRENDS IN NEW YORK



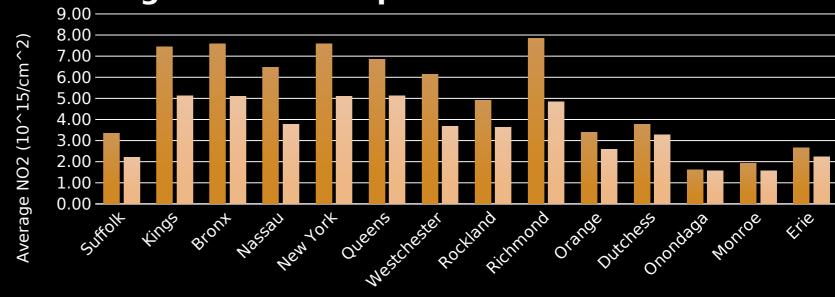
COMPARING NY 2019 AND 2020 NO2 Average Tropospheric NO2 in 2019 vs 2020 over New York COVID-19 Lockdown AVERAGE



NY COUNTIES MOST IMPACTED BY COVID-19

- 15 counties with most positive COVID-19 cases (as of June 8, 2020)
 - All urban
- Significant decrease in NO2 in hotspot counties
 - 2-tailed paired T-test □ p=0.000072

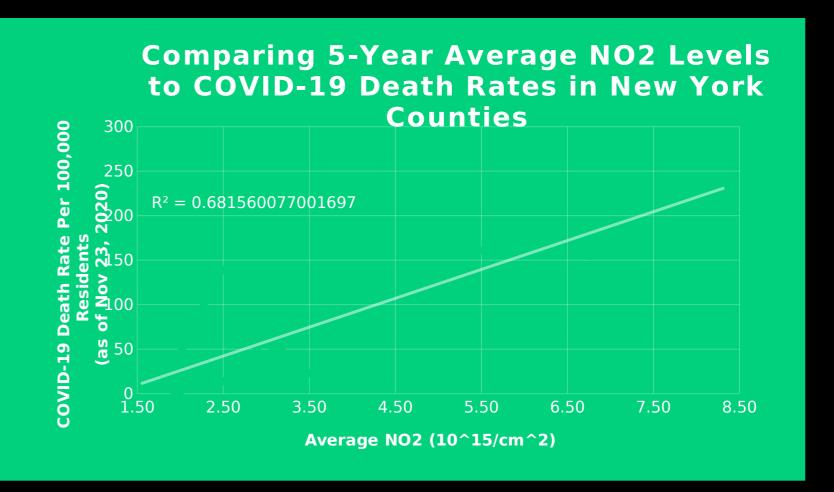




■5 Year Average ■2020 Lockdown

LONG-TERM EXPOSURE TO NO2

- Includes all counties with reported fatalities
- Positive correlation observed
 - R^2=0.6816



DISCUSSION

- What does the data show?
 - Overall statewide decrease in NO2 in 2020 compared to previous years
 - Statistically significant decrease observed in NO2 in hotspot counties
 - Correlation between cumulative exposure to NO2 over 5 years and COVID-19 death rates
- Future Steps
 - Other pollutants
 - Look at yearly data for rural counties, even if they aren't hotspots
 - Which factors make a county more likely to experience significant decreases in pollution?

SOURCES

https://www.epa.gov/no2-pollution/basic-information-about-no2

https://

www.nytimes.com/interactive/2020/us/new-york-coronavirus-cases.html

Randall V. Martin, Satellite remote sensing of surface air quality, Atmospheric Environment, Volume 42, Issue 34, 2008, Pages 7823-7843, ISSN 1352-2310, https://doi.org/10.1016/j.atmosenv.2008.07.018.